

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

June 30, 2025



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Rainforest Trust Warrenton, Virginia

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Rainforest Trust (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2025, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Rainforest Trust as of June 30, 2025, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Rainforest Trust and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Rainforest Trust's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from

material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that

an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement

when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from

error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal

control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate,

they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,

and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a

test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are

appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of

Rainforest Trust's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting

estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise

substantial doubt about Rainforest Trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned

scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified

during the audit.

Sikich CPA LLC

Alexandria, Virginia November 10, 2025

2.

Statement of Financial Position

June 30, 2025

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Accrued investment income Contributions receivable, net Notes receivable Prepaid expenses Other assets	\$ 9,352,762 886,620 798,741 254 272,309 1,060
Total current assets	11,311,746
Cash and cash equivalents, board designated Cash and cash equivalents with donor restrictions Contributions receivable, non-current Investments with donor restrictions Property and equipment, net Right-of-use asset for financing lease, net	4,086,131 5,890,845 1,015,990 99,698,367 125,511 1,569
Total assets	\$ <u>122,130,159</u>
Liabilities and Net Assets Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Lease liability for financing lease	\$ 520,709 1,586
Total current liabilities	522,295
Net assets:	
Without donor restrictions Without donor restrictions, board designated	10,117,790 4,086,131
Total without donor restrictions	14,203,921
With donor restrictions	107,403,943
Total net assets	121,607,864
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ <u>122,130,159</u>

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
Revenues:			
Contributions Investment income, net In-kind contributions Net assets released from restrictions:	\$ 2,364,048 5,438,538 43,468	\$ 35,423,162 440,848 -	\$ 37,787,210 5,879,386 43,468
Satisfaction of donor restrictions	38,897,950	(38,897,950)	
Total revenues	46,744,004	(3,033,940)	43,710,064
Expenses:			
Program services: World Land and Biodiversity Conservation	40,987,256		40,987,256
Support services:			
Fundraising	2,132,941	-	2,132,941
General and administrative	<u>1,301,772</u>		<u>1,301,772</u>
Total support services	3,434,713		3,434,713
Total expenses	44,421,969		44,421,969
Change in net assets	2,322,035	(3,033,940)	(711,905)
Net assets, beginning of year	11,881,886	110,437,883	122,319,769
Net assets, end of year	\$ <u>14,203,921</u>	\$ <u>107,403,943</u>	\$ <u>121,607,864</u>

Rainforest Trust Statement of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	World Land and Biodiversity Conservation	f	General and administrative	Total support services	Total expenses
Partnership grant distributions	\$ 37,740,034	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,740,034
Payroll, payroll taxes and benefits	2,152,495	1,320,182	901,197	2,221,379	4,373,874
Professional fees	495,672	87,767	205,359	293,126	788,798
Advertising and promotional	69,450	334,545	-	334,545	403,995
Travel	194,947	112,867	40,788	153,655	348,602
IT services and equipment	108,416	158,171	69,458	227,629	336,045
License and fees	143,595	40,795	46,333	87,128	230,723
Depreciation and amortization	35,110	19,483	11,653	31,136	66,246
Occupancy and insurance	27,106	15,704	8,996	24,700	51,806
Printing	88	26,734	7,020	33,754	33,842
Supplies, postage and telephone	10,496	11,374	6,513	17,887	28,383
Meals and entertainment	8,240	5,161	3,110	8,271	16,511
Staff development	1,607	158	1,345	1,503	3,110
Total expenses	\$ <u>40,987,256</u>	\$ <u>2,132,941</u>	\$ <u>1,301,772</u>	\$ <u>3,434,713</u>	\$ <u>44,421,969</u>

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Cash flows from operating activities: Change in net assets	\$_	(711,905)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization Realized gain on investments Unrealized gain on investments Noncash contributions of securities Proceeds from sales of contributed securities		66,246 (3,402,012) (1,289,331) (4,180,482) 4,181,522
Increase in assets: Accrued investment income Contributions receivable, net Prepaid expenses		(259,903) 2,130,912 (71,682)
Increase in liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses	_	123,941
Total adjustments	_	(2,700,789)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(3,412,694)
Cash flows from investing activities: Proceeds from sales of investments Purchases of investments Purchases of property and equipment	_	118,078,051 (127,993,126) (52,816)
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(9,967,891)
Cash flows from financing activities: Principal payment on lease liability for financing lease	_	(4,610)
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(4,610)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents, cash with donor restrictions, and board-designated cash and cash equivalents		(13,385,195)
Cash and cash equivalents, cash with donor restrictions, and board-designated cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	32,714,933
Cash and cash equivalents, cash with donor restrictions, and board-designated cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ <u>_</u>	19,329,738
Cash and cash equivalents reconciliation:		
Cash and cash equivalents, undesignated Cash and cash equivalents, board designated Cash and cash equivalents with donor restrictions	\$ _	9,352,762 4,086,131 5,890,845
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$_	19,329,738

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

1. Organization

Rainforest Trust (the Organization) is a nonprofit organization incorporated under the laws of New York and established exclusively for charitable purposes. Originally incorporated as World Parks Endowment on December 8, 1988, the Organization changed its name to Rainforest Trust in 2013.

The Organization was established in order to provide funds for conservation of parks and protected areas around the world that are of international importance for the conservation of biological diversity. Its program focuses on the creation and expansion of protected areas in the tropics and subtropics with local partners and communities through three mechanisms: establishment of government parks and protected areas, purchase of land and establishment of private reserves, and land titling and other mechanisms for delivering Indigenous and local community ownership and management.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Basis of presentation

The Organization's financial statements are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) for nonprofit organizations. Under those principles, the Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets:

- Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions represent resources that are not subject to donor imposed restrictions and are available for operations at management's discretion.
- Net Assets With Donor Restrictions represent resources restricted by donors. Some donor restrictions
 are temporary in nature and those restrictions will be met by actions of the Organization or by the
 passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated
 the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

During 2023, the Board of Directors adopted an Unrestricted Net Assets Management Policy to maintain an adequate level of unrestricted net assets available to support non-project costs in the event of unforeseen shortfalls. The General Operating Reserve target balance is approximately 12 months, with any excess funds categorized as the Board Designated Action Fund to be used for programmatic purposes or other approved initiatives. At June 30, 2025, \$4,086,131 was designated by the board for the Board Designated Action Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

b. Basis of accounting

The Organization's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

c. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses and their functional allocation during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

d. Fair value measurements

U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework uses a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. U.S. GAAP requires the Organization to maximize the use of observable inputs when measuring fair value. The hierarchy describes three levels of inputs, which are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical
 assets or liabilities in inactive markets; or inputs that are derived principally from or
 corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs.

In many cases, a valuation technique used to measure fair value includes inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy. The lowest level of significant input determines the placement of the entire fair value measurement in the hierarchy. The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy reflects the relative ability to observe the fair value measure and does not necessarily correspond to the perceived risk of that investment.

Valuation Techniques

Following is a description of the valuation techniques used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. There have been no changes to the techniques used during the year ended June 30, 2025.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

- Money market funds: Valued at net asset value of shares on the last trading day of the fiscal year.
- Corporate debt securities: The investment grade corporate bonds held by the Organization generally do not trade in active markets on the measurement date. Therefore, corporate debt securities are valued using inputs including yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings, recent market price quotations (where observable), bond spreads, and fundamental data relating to the issuer.
- U.S. government securities: U.S. Treasury bonds and notes in which the Organization invests are usually "off the run" on the measurement date. Thus, they are valued by a pricing service using a model that incorporates market observable data such as reported sales of similar securities, broker quotes, yields, bids, offers, and reference data. U.S. Treasury bonds and notes that are "on the run" are measured at quoted prices in active markets for the same security.

e. Income taxes

The Organization is exempt from federal and local income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. The Organization is not classified as a private foundation.

The Organization is not aware of any activities that would jeopardize their tax-exempt status that would require recognition in the accompanying financial statements. Generally, tax returns are subject to examination by taxing authorities for up to three years from the date a completed return is filed. If material omissions of income exist, tax returns may be subject to examination for up to six years. The Organization is no longer subject to U.S. federal or state examinations by tax authorities for tax years prior to 2021.

f. Cash and cash equivalents

For financial statement purposes, the Organization classifies demand deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less as cash equivalents.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

g. Contributions receivable, net

Contributions receivable are unconditional promises to give that are recognized as contributions when the promise is received. Contributions receivable that are expected to be collected in less than one year are reported at net realizable value. Amounts that are expected to be collected in more than one year are recorded at the present value of their estimated future cash flows. The cash flows are discounted at a discount rate commensurate with the risk involved. Amortization of the resulting discount is recognized as additional contribution revenue. Reserves are established for receivables that are delinquent and considered uncollectible based on periodic reviews by management. At June 30, 2025, all contributions receivable are fully collectible, therefore no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recognized. However, actual write-offs may occur.

h. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value and realized and unrealized gains and losses are reported in the accompanying statement of activities as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions, unless the income or loss is restricted by donor restrictions or law. The Organization invests in a variety of investments that are exposed to various risks, such as fluctuations in market value and credit risk. It is reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term could materially affect investment balances and amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements. Investment income is reported net of external and direct internal investment expenses.

The Organization's Investments Policy Statement allows for the conservative investment of cash with an emphasis on capital preservation. The portfolio is focused on low risk short-term fixed income securities in pursuit of a reasonable rate of return to support the operations of the Organization.

i. Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment acquisitions are recorded in the financial statements at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Furniture 5 years
Computer equipment 3 - 5 years
Software and website development 5 years

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

The Organization's policy is to capitalize major additions and improvements over \$1,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease life or useful life of the asset. Repairs and maintenance which do not significantly add to the value of assets are expensed as incurred.

j. Revenue recognition

Contributions: Unconditional contributions are recognized as revenue when received or promised and are recorded net of any current year allowance or discount activity. Conditional promises to give, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier, and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. Conditional gifts received prior to the satisfaction of conditions are recorded as refundable advances. There were no conditional contributions awarded, but not received at June 30, 2025. The Organization reports gifts of cash and other assets as donor restricted support if they are received or promised with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets to the Organization's programs or to a future year. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a purpose restriction is accomplished or time restriction has elapsed, donor restricted net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the accompanying statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

In-kind contributions: Donated materials, services and use of facilities are recorded at fair value when an unconditional commitment is received and are recognized as in-kind contributions as revenue and expense in the accompanying financial statements. Contributions of services are recognized when services received (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. The value of such services is recorded based on the estimated fair value of services provided and is classified as in-kind contributions revenue and expense charged to programs and supporting services based on the program or support services directly benefited.

k. Functional allocation of expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the accompanying statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among programs and supporting services benefited. Such allocations are determined by management on an equitable basis.

The following summarizes the allocation methodology for 2025:

Expense	Method of Allocation
Payroll, payroll taxes and benefits	Estimated time and effort allocation by role
Partnership grant disbursements, advertising and promotional, licenses and fees, IT services and equipment, professional fees, printing, travel, staff development, meals and entertainment	Direct charge to the cost center benefiting from the expense
Shared IT services and equipment, occupancy and insurance, depreciation and amortization, supplies, postage, and telephone	Allocated based on level of effort charged to each functional class relative to total effort

Leases

The Organization leases equipment. The Organization determines if an arrangement is a lease at the inception. The finance lease is included in right-of-use asset for financing lease and lease liability for financing lease on the accompanying statement of financial position.

Right-of-use (ROU) assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. As most leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Organization uses a risk-free rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The finance lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives. The lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that such options will be exercised. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Organization's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. The Organization does not have short term leases or lease agreements with non-lease components.

3. Liquidity and Availability

The following represents the Organization's financial assets at June 30:

Financial assets at year end:	2025
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,438,893
Cash and cash equivalents with donor restrictions	5,890,845
Accrued investment income	886,620
Contributions receivable, net	1,814,731
Notes receivable	254
Investments with donor restrictions	99,698,367
Total financial assets	121,729,710
Less amounts not available for unrestricted purposes within one year:	
Net assets without donor restrictions, board designated	4,086,131
Net assets with donor restrictions	107,403,943
Total	111,490,074
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures within one year	\$ <u>10,239,636</u>

Most of the Organization's financial assets are restricted for conservation projects that span multiple years. Donations are solicited at the launch of each project to assure that the financial commitment contracted with the implementing partner can be met. Funds are then disbursed to the partner as milestones are met through the life of the project. Thus, significant financial assets are held on the statement of financial position during project implementation, though our agreements to our partners exceed the assets held. Seasonal variability in contributions can also lead to higher balances during peak giving periods. The Organization structures its financial assets to be available as its conservation partner payments, general expenditures (general and administrative expenses), liabilities, and other obligations become due. Unrestricted cash is maintained in liquid accounts and is available to meet general operating needs. In addition, cash and cash equivalents designated by the Board of Directors are not available for general expenditures within the next year; however, the Board of Directors could make the board designated cash and cash equivalents available, if necessary.

4. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Organization maintains bank deposits that, at times, may exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) limits. At June 30, 2025, the Organization had bank deposits in excess of FDIC limits of \$18,581,738. The Organization has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

5. Contributions Receivable, Net

Contributions receivable consist of unconditional promises to give and are summarized as follows:

Unconditional promises to give expected to be collected in:	rec	Contributions eivable - partner commitments	-	ontributions eivable - other		Total
Less than one year One to three years	\$	481,760 581,136	\$	316,981 540,000	\$_	798,741 <u>1,121,136</u>
Total contributions receivable Less:		1,062,896		856,981	\$	1,919,877
Discount to present value (discount rate of 4.02%)	_	(105,146)			_	(105,146)
Contributions receivable, net	\$	957,750	\$	856,981	\$_	1,814,731

6. Investments and Fair Value Measurements

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

			Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets:									
	Money market funds	\$	891,471	\$	-	\$	-	\$	891,471
	U.S. government securities		-		13,830,847		-	1	L3,830,847
	Corporate debt securities	_		_	84,976,049	-	_	2	<u>34,976,049</u>
	Total investments	\$_	891,471	\$_	98,806,896	\$	-	\$ <u></u>	9,698,367

7. Sustainability Endowment

In 2014, the Organization received an investment portfolio worth \$496,743. Once the fund reached \$1.4 million dollars, or after five years, whichever came first, the Organization was to start disbursing the amounts in excess of the original corpus for land acquisition and protection, with up to 50% of disbursements for land reclamation and reforestation. Under US GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. These funds are reported as net assets with restrictions. In 2022, the Organization decided that funds immediately invested in excellent conservation will yield a greater conservation return than those invested in capital markets. As such, the major donor to the endowment agreed to disendow their portion of the funds, and in 2023, the Board of Directors passed a resolution to pursue the disendowment of the remaining funds.

Management has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds, absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Organization classifies as net assets with donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of donor-restricted endowment funds is classified as net assets with donor restriction, held temporarily until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA.

In accordance with UPMIFA, the Organization considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted funds: (1) duration and preservation of the fund; (2) purposes of the Organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund; (3) general economic conditions; (4) possible effect of inflation and deflation; (5) expected total return from income and the appreciation or depreciation of investments; (6) other resources of the Organization; and (7) investment policies of the Organization.

Change in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2025 was:

	With donor restrictions			
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	560,609		
Investment income		28,544		
Donor release of restriction		(25,000)		
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	564,153		

From time-to-time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level the Organization is required to retain as a fund of perpetual duration pursuant to donor stipulation or UPMIFA. Such endowments are often referred to as "underwater" endowments. Though the Organization is not required by donor-imposed restriction or law to use its unrestricted resources to restore the endowments to their historic dollar value, accounting guidance for not-for-profit organization require that such losses and subsequent gains be reflected as changes in net assets with donor restriction until the fair values again reach their historical dollar values. In accordance with US GAAP, deficiencies of this nature are reported in net assets with donor restriction. There were no such deficiencies at June 30, 2025.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

The Organization follows a conservative investment policy for endowment assets that attempts to fully preserve the original corpus and optimize returns. Should significant new donations be made to the endowment assets, the Organization's investment policy would permit a strategy of long-term growth of the endowment assets. Under such a policy, the endowment assets would be invested in a manner that is intended to produce favorable results while taking a prudent approach to risk.

8. Property and Equipment, Net

The following is a summary of property and equipment held at June 30, 2025:

Furniture	\$	24,051
Computer equipment		89,608
Software and website development	_	219,704
Property and equipment		333,363
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	_	(207,852)
Total property and equipment, net	\$ <u></u>	125,511

Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$61,605.

9. Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

At June 30, 2025, net assets with donor restrictions were available for the following programs:

Pooled Funds for conservation projects that will be allocated to multiple countries and regions:

Conservation Action Fund	\$ 8	78,069
Rainforest Climate Action Fund		48,836
Sustainability Fund	5	64,153
Sustainability Action Fund		250
Subtotal	1,4	91,308

Pooled Funds for specific purposes within multiple countries and regions:

Guardians of the Rainforest 2,451

Project Funds specific to the following countries and regions:

Andes-Amazon	2,025,257
Angola	1,025,000
Argentina	2,206,926
Belize	1,090,000
Bolivia	3,043,969
Brazil	22,552,704
Cambodia	49,682
Cameroon	677,492

⁻⁻ continued --

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Central African Republic	2,441,258
Colombia	5,616,338
Congo Basin	1,025,748
Costa Rica	305,999
Cote d'Ivoire	80,785
Cuba	102,602
Democratic Republic of Congo	6,406,315
Dominican Republic	183,715
Ecuador	6,374,139
Equatorial Guinea	1,600,733
Gabon	224,524
Ghana	541,518
Guinea	1,453,893
Guinea-Bissau	978,085
Guyana	2,788,758
Honduras	1,130
India	279,314
Indonesia	8,012,328
Kenya	670,429
Laos	1,482,785
Liberia	2,260,336
Madagascar	2,847,933
Malaysia	679,253
Mexico	1,455,535
Mozambique	1,548,717
Multi-Regional Projects	3,689,029
Myanmar	157,929
Nepal New Caladania	459,729
New Caledonia	10,993
Nigeria Panama	73,506
Papua New Guinea	18,800 490,810
Peru	8,781,157
Philippines	4,273,974
Republic of the Congo	997,475
Rwanda	404,249
Sao Tome and Principe	211,457
South Africa	719,169
South Sudan	1,945,522
Tanzania	1,121
Thailand	457,967
Uganda	42,965
Vietnam	330,902
Zambia	<u>810,230</u>
Subtotal	105,910,184
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$ <u>107,403,943</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

10. Related Party Transactions

In 2017, the Organization entered into a brand sharing and license agreement with Rainforest Trust UK.

Rainforest Trust UK is a separately incorporated and governed Charitable Incorporated Organization registered

in England and Wales. The agreement permits Rainforest Trust UK to use the Organization's brand

documentation, licensed marks, license territory and marks with the review and approval of the Organization.

There is no financial consideration associated with the agreement. Currently, one staff member of the

Organization is a Board member of Rainforest Trust UK. The Organization received total contributions from

Rainforest Trust UK of \$2,987,213 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

The Organization received total contributions from board members of \$208,982 for the year ended June 30,

2025.

11. Concentrations of Revenue Risk

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Organization received \$12,727,778 from two donors which is

approximately 34% of its total revenue and support. Any significant reduction in revenue and support may

adversely impact the Organization financial position and operations.

At June 30, 2025, the Organization had receivables of \$1,559,598 from two grantors which is approximately

86% of its total receivable.

12. In-Kind Contributions

The Organization received the following contributions of nonfinancial assets for the year ended June 30, 2025:

Legal services

42,600

Digital images

868

Total contributed nonfinancial assets

\$ 43,468

\$

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Organization received various donated goods and services which require skill and would need to be purchased if not donated. Total donated goods and services are recorded as

in-kind contributions revenue and included under management and general in the accompanying statement of

activities. All in-kind contributions are without donor restrictions and were fully used during the year. Donated

goods are valued based on the fair market value purchase price of those goods. Donated professional services

are made up of legal services and are valued based either on the time spent and rates charged by the providers

or based on the monthly retainers that providers would typically charge.

18.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

13. Retirement Plan

The Organization sponsors a SIMPLE-IRA (Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees) to its full-time employees who are eligible to participate upon their date of hire. The Organization matches 100% of each eligible participant's elective deferrals up to 3% of each eligible participant's annual compensation. For the year ended June 30, 2025, retirement plan expenses were \$82,891.

14. Finance lease

In November 2021, the Organization entered into an agreement to lease a copier for three years. The lease commenced on November 10, 2021, with monthly payments of \$380. In November 2024, the Organization extended the lease for an additional year.

The components of lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2025 were as follows:

Finance lease cost	
Amortization of right-of-use assets	\$ 4,641
Interest	 80
Total finance lease cost	\$ 4,721

Other information related to leases was as follows:

Supplemental cash flows information

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:

\$ 80
\$ 4,691
\$

Right-of-use asset obtained in exchange for lease obligation:

Financing lease \$ 4,707

As of June 30, 2025, assets recorded under finance leases were \$18,231 and accumulated depreciation associated with finance leases was \$16,662. Financing lease amortization expense, included in program services in the accompanying statement of activities, for the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$2,460.

Weighted average remaining lease term

Financing lease 0.33 years
Weighted average discount rate

Financing lease 4.18%

Future minimum finance lease payments under non-cancellable leases as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30, 2026	\$ 1,599
Total future undiscounted lease payments	1,599
Less: interest	 (13)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 1,586
Reported as of June 30, 2025	
Finance lease liability	\$ 1,586

15. Paycheck Protection Program

The Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) is a low-interest Small Business Administration (SBA) loan and generally covers two and a half months of payroll costs and may be forgiven entirely if the borrower maintains certain staffing levels and spends a certain amount of funds on salaries and other qualifying expenditures during the qualified period. The Organization was approved for a loan on April 23, 2020 under this program in the amount of \$547,400. On November 25, 2020 loan forgiveness requirements were partially met and the Organization received loan forgiveness in the amount of \$505,438. The unforgiven balance was paid in February 2021.

The SBA reserves the right to audit any PPP loan, regardless of size. These audits may occur after forgiveness has been granted. In accordance with the CARES Act, all borrowers are required to maintain their PPP loan documentation for six years after the PPP loan is repaid in full and to provide that documentation to the SBA upon request. The Organization does not believe the results of any audits or reviews by the SBA would have a material impact on the financial statements.

16. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the statement of financial position date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. These events and transactions either provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of financial position, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing financial statements (that is, recognized subsequent events), or provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the statement of financial position but arose after that date (that is, nonrecognized subsequent events).

In preparing the financial statements, the Organization has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 10, 2025, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined there were no subsequent events that require recognition of, or disclosure in, these financial statements.